



he Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory (PPPL) is a collaborative national center for plasma and fusion energy sciences managed by Princeton University for the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE). It is the only DOE Laboratory devoted to these areas and it is committed to being the leading U.S. institution investigating the science of magnetic fusion energy.

Today, the National Spherical Torus Experiment-Upgrade (NSTX-U), the Laboratory's flagship endeavor, is set to advance the worldwide quest for fusion as a safe, clean and virtually limitless source of energy for producing electricity. The original NSTX began operating in 1999 and our 21st century upgrade is poised to bring the world closer to the dawn of a bold new Energy Age.

This illustrated science booklet tells the story of the promise of fusion energy and the ambitious steps that are being taken to achieve it.

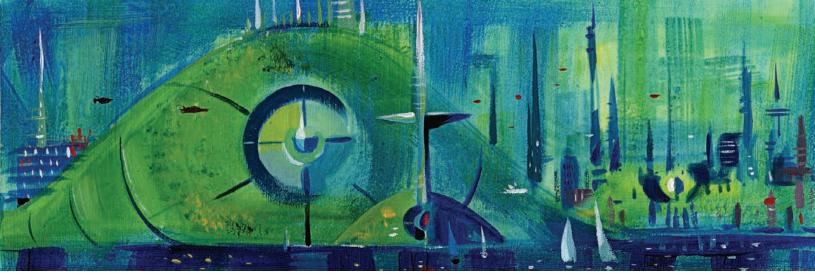


































BUT THE NSTX FUSES THE HYDROGEN ISOTOPE **DEUTERIUM**, EXTRACTED FROM SEAWATER, TO CREATE AN ULTRAFAST CLOUD OF HIGH ENERGY **NEUTRONS** THAT ARE TRAPPED BY A BUFFER, ORAWING THEIR ENERGIES INTO HEAT... TO BOIL WATER AND ORIVE TURBINES OF ELECTRICITY.

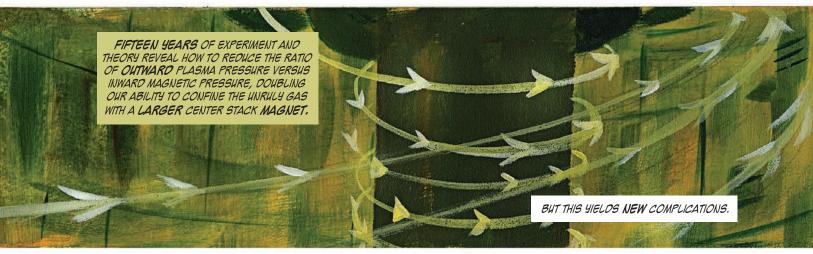


THE NSTX AND ITS PEER
REACTORS ACROSS THE WORLD
WILL BE **DARK STARS**, THEIR
PRIMARY POWER CARRIED FORTH
NOT IN LIGHT, BUT IN NEUTRONS.

















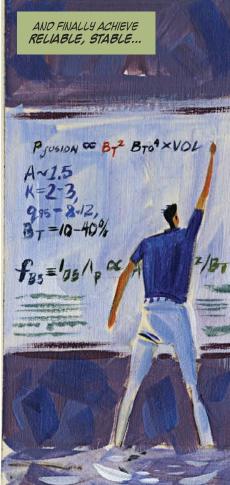


IT IS AN UNDERTAKING THAT
DEMANDS OUR RACE UNITE AS
ONE, BUILDING PROFESSIONAL
TRUST ACROSS NATIONS AND
THROUGHOUT HISTORY, AS ITS
CONSTITUENT COMPONENTS ARE
SHARED AND REFINED.



IT IS THE HALLMARK OF THE SCIENTIFIC METHOD AND THE ENGINEERING PROCESS, AS OUR KNOWLEOGE OF THE FLEETING AND EXPERIMENTAL GROWS, INFORMING THEORIES TO BUILD THE OPERATIONAL.







Fusion has the potential to help with all the emerging challenges of this still-new century: energy independence, national economic competitiveness, environmental responsibility and reduction of conflict over natural resources."

Stewart Prager

Director, Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory

I would like nuclear fusion to become a practical power source. It would provide an inexhaustible supply of energy, without pollution or global warming."

Stephen Hawking

Physicist and best-selling author of "A Brief History of Time"

The challenge of global warming should stimulate a whole raft of manifestly benign innovations for conserving energy and generating it by 'clean' means (biofuels, innovative renewables, carbon sequestration, and nuclear fusion)."

Martin Rees

Physicist and Astronomer Royal of the United Kingdom



